

Guidelines for Protecting Health Care Workers from Infectious Diseases

You can't tell whether someone is infected or not with a disease like HIV or hepatitis B just by looking at them. Using universal precautions means that we protect ourselves as if every client we care for could have hepatitis B, hepatitis C, or HIV/AIDS. Universal precautions are a kind of infection control that protects our clients and us.

What kinds of precautions are you talking about?

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	Wash your hands often. Washing	Ц	Wear latex gloves when there is a
	your hands is the single best way		chance of being in contact with
	to kill germs. Wash your hands		blood or other bodily fluids.
	thoroughly with soap and warm		Wearing gloves is especially
	water before putting on latex		important when you have a cut or
	gloves and immediately after		rash on your hands because any
	taking off the gloves. Wash your		tear in your skin can allow the
	hands immediately if you touch		virus to get into your body. Some
	anybody's blood, urine, feces,		people are allergic to the powder
	vomit, semen, or vaginal fluid.		in gloves or the latex. If you are
	Treat all blood and other bodily		one of those people, there are
	fluids - including urine, feces, and		other kinds of gloves that will
	vomit - as if they contained the		work, such as powderless gloves
	hepatitis B virus, the hepatitis C		or nitrile gloves.
	virus, or the AIDS virus.		Wear a mask and eye protection
	Cuts, sores, or breaks in the		during job tasks likely to splash or
	caregiver's skin or the client's skin		spray blood or bodily fluids – like
	should be covered with		emptying a Foley catheter, caring
	bandages.		for a draining wound, or
	Bag soiled laundry in a leakproof		disconnecting a feeding tube.
	plastic bag and tie it shut to avoid		Avoid handling sharp objects
	contaminating the floor or other		(such as razors or needles) that
	surfaces. Wear gloves when		might have come in contact with
	handling or sorting laundry.		blood or bodily fluids. Dispose of
	When carrying the bag, do not		them carefully by placing them in
	hug it close to your body. If it's		a puncture-resistant container for
	leaking, you don't want to be		disposal (also called a sharp
	contaminated		container or red hox)

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